

**NR 10 ANNEX A: Definition of residual and household waste from Audit
Commission National Indicator (NI) 191**

<http://www.audit-commission.gov.uk/localgov/audit/nis/Pages/NI191residualhouseholdwasteperhousehold.aspx>

Residual waste is any collected household waste that is not sent for reuse, recycling or composting.

'Household waste' means those types of waste which are to be treated as household waste for the purposes of Part II of the Environmental Protection Act 1990 by reason of the provisions of the Controlled Waste Regulations 1992. The amounts deemed to be collected shall include:

- *All waste collected by Waste Collection Authorities (WCAs) under Section 45(1) of the Environmental Protection Act 1990, **plus***
- *All waste arisings from Civic Amenity (CA) Sites established under Section 51(1)(b) of the Environmental Protection Act 1990, **and***
- *Waste collected by third parties for which collection or disposal reuse or recycling credits are paid under Section 52 of the Environmental Protection Act 1990.*

For the avoidance of doubt 'Household waste' includes waste from the following sources:

- *Waste collection rounds (including separate rounds for collection of recyclates)*
- *All waste listed under schedules 1 and 2 of the Controlled Waste Regulations. This includes:*
- *Litter and refuse collected under section 89(1)(f) and waste arising from the discharge by a WCA/WDA of its duty under section 89(2) - this typically comprises street cleaning waste, park litter and gully sweepings*
- *Bulky waste collections, where 'bulky waste' is defined as*
 - *any article of waste which exceeds 25 kilograms in weight*
 - *any article of waste which does not fit, or cannot be fitted into:*
 - a. *a receptacle for household waste provided in accordance with section 46 of the Environmental Protection Act 1990; or*
 - b. *where no such receptacle is provided, a cylindrical container 750 millimetres in diameter and 1 metre in length*
- *Garden waste collections;*
- *Household clinical waste collections*
- *Hazardous household waste collections;*
- *Re-used waste material from household sources as defined below;*
- *Clearance of any waste put out in contravention to section 46 of the EPA 1990 (e.g. 'side waste')*
- *Any other household waste collected by the authority*

*Household waste does **not** include:*

- *Beach cleansing wastes (i.e. produced by the specific activity of cleaning up a beach);*
- *Rubble (including soil associated with the rubble) ;*

- *Clearance of waste deposited in contravention to Section 33 of the EPA 1990 (fly-tipped waste)*
- *Vehicles (whether abandoned or not);*
- *Grass cuttings, leaves etc in parks.*
- *Gully emptyings collected by the authority under the Highways Act*
- *Incinerator residues (even if the residues are not landfilled)*
- *Home composted waste;*
- *Trade waste*

Tyres should only be counted if they are 'household waste', i.e. they are collected from a house or Civic Amenity Sites or taken directly from the vehicle. If in doubt, they should not be included.

'Civic Amenity Site' means places provided by the WDA at which persons resident in the area may deposit their 'household waste' (services provided under Section 51(1)(b) of the Environmental Protection Act or under the Refuse Disposal (Amenity) Act). Please note that materials collected at Civic Amenity Sites are only to be counted by disposal authorities except in the case of those London Boroughs and Metropolitan Districts which are not disposal authorities but which provide civic amenity sites under the Refuse Disposal (Amenity) Act.